

BUTLER WEEKLY TIMES

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BUTLER, MISSOURI.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 17, 1883.

THE SPEAKERSHIP.

The respective friends of Mr. Carlisle of Kentucky Mr. Randall of Pennsylvania, Mr. Cox, of New York and several other gentlemen of less notoriety in the country, are urging with all their might the election of the man of their choice to the Speakership of the next House of Congress. The ground upon which the battle is being waged is mainly the tariff question, although it is by no means the only important problem involved in the organization of the next House.

Besides a revision of the tariff, which is confessedly a Democratic doctrine, there is a reform in the civil service department which will require the application of the most rigid measures. True it is that in Mr. Randall's record there is to be found splendid evidence of the reform he would produce in the civil service of the government should he be chosen speaker, but as to his record upon the tariff issue it has but little in common with the interests of the southern and western people.

With Mr. Carlisle as speaker the House would be organized not only upon a reform of the civil service, but also a radical reform would be instituted upon the present unjust, discriminating high tariff. Mr. Randall might do all that is desired as to the former, but he would not be equal to the emergency in the latter. His committees would be arranged with high tariff proclivities thereby blocking every avenue to a reform in the monstrous working of that burdensome system upon the laboring people of the country. Mr. Carlisle's arrangement of things would be precisely the reverse, insuring to the people a change that would at least be the beginning of a reform in the affairs of the government.

Besides the foregoing reasoning the fact that Mr. Carlisle is from the south, from whence comes the largest Democratic support of any section of the Union, entitles him the position. The south became solid for Democracy when Tilden was nominated in 1876, and she has been so ever since, is so now and will be in the next Presidential election. Hence she is entitled to some recognition at the hands of the national Democracy.

As to Mr. Carlisle's personal and private record no complaints whatever can be alleged. He is a pure man in every sense of the term, and would make a record as speaker of an American Congress equaled only by that of the great Henry Clay.

THE OLD TICKET.

A number of the leading Republican journals of the country are worrying for fear the old ticket of 1876 will be nominated by the Democrats next year. And well may they worry, for should the next National Democratic Convention contain wisdom enough to renominate the old ticket, the doom of Republicanism is sealed and its well organized and splendidly equipped columns will break assunder and scatter to the four winds of Heaven.

The Republican argument upon this question is that to nominate the old ticket would be an egregious blunder on the part of Democrats, asserting that it might have been policy four years ago but not so now.

Democrats need no better assurance of the strength of the old ticket than such talk as this from the opposition. It is virtually an admission of their fear. There is not a Republican in the country who served in the campaign of 1876 but who would rather have any other ticket to fight in 1884 than that of Tilden and Hendricks. Hence the alarm which pervades the entire ranks of the Republican party.

The reasons urged for nominating

the old ticket three years ago are equally as forcible now and will be next year. Frauds, such as that perpetrated in the theft of the Presidency, do not suddenly die out in the hearts and minds of the American people. Besides this Mr. Tilden represents the foremost principles and doctrines of the Democratic party. His record as a reformer and his ability as a statesman is known and recognized in every quarter of the Union. He is further not an office-seeking politician, but a disinterested sage, living at ease in his magnificent home crowned with as much honor as his ambition craves. To take the Presidency would be a God send to the Republic.

OHIO AND IOWA.

These two states, always important in any action they may take politically or otherwise, held their election for state officers from governor down last Tuesday the 9th, inst. The results are most encouraging as they were surprising to the Democrats. Ohio goes Democratic by a good large majority, while Iowa remains as ever Republican, though by a much smaller majority than it has been her custom heretofore to give.

In both states the temperance, or rather the prohibition question figured largely in the campaign preceding the election. In Ohio two amendments to the constitution were voted on. One prohibiting the manufacture and sale of whisky, the other regulating the sale thereof but not embracing any prohibitory clause. The Democrats espoused the latter and fought the campaign upon that basis. Although the Prohibitionist had a separate ticket they and the Republicans went together mainly upon the prohibition question.

The Democratic theory being the most just and equitable in the eyes of the people, was selected as the best to govern the state, notwithstanding its champions, and especially the leader, Judge Hoadley, candidate for governor, was stricken down with misfortune and illness preventing for several weeks his active aid in the management of the campaign. The fact of the matter was the Democrats throughout the country were about prepared to accept defeat in Ohio, and they looked and calculated on nothing else in Iowa. Hence our exultant rejoicing over the very timely, however, unexpected result.

In Iowa there was no prohibitory question voted upon, notwithstanding many people have labored under a contrary opinion. The prohibitory amendment which carried in Iowa a year ago was subsequently declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court by reason of an error in the form of its submission. The Republicans maintained the ground in the canvass just closed that the technical error did not invalidate the amendment. The Democrats sustained the decision of the court that the amendment was unconstitutional and void. This is the only way in which the prohibition question figured in the Iowa campaign. It was simply a question to be discussed and not to be voted upon.

The effect the result of these elections will have on the Presidency next year, will be a matter of speculation for some time to come. The Kansas City Journal (Republican) said prior to the election if the Democrats carried either Ohio or Iowa they would have a fighting chance next year. Truly this is a considerable admission, something Republican papers are loth to do. We take it that Democrats can bank on the fact that the situation is very discouraging to the opposition, and that they are preparing to die but not without a struggle.

The color line is being sharply contested over in Wyandotte county Kansas. A school director admitted two colored children to the public schools for the whites some time ago, which caused much dissatisfaction and complaint among the parents of the white children. In consequence of the difficulty a party of masked men went to the house of the director, Major Holsinger, last week and demanded a settlement of the trouble. The director opened fire on the intruders which was returned in a spirit that meant war.

The following personal item is clipped from the Pueblo Col. Daily News, concerning Mr. Tom P. McFarland, whom as most our readers will remember, was a salesman formerly with M. S. Cowles and Co., and more recently with Burns & Co. of this city, and who went to Colorado last spring on account of health: "The increasing trade of Messrs. Roworth and Veach, of the south side dry goods eporium, has called for an increase of force. To supply this they have secured the services of Mr. T. P. McFarland, a young man of considerable experience in the business, and whose worth will be best appreciated after a thorough trial is given him. Mr. McFarland has been in Colorado several months and was formerly from Missouri."

Thirty years war.—For more than thirty years DeLand & Co. have been waging war upon impure and adulterated Soda, by placing within the reach of every body a perfectly pure article. The goods are No. 1.—Sold by A. L. McBride & Co. Butler Mo.,

VICTORS AND VANQUISHED.

The Former Busy Making Additions to their Vote in Ohio.

While the Latter are Wondering Who Threw that Brick.

Figures fast Going up Towards Fifteen Thousand Democratic Majority.

With a Majority of Thirty on Joint Ballot in the Legislature.

Prohibition Defeated—Returns From Iowa.

Columbus, O., Oct. 11.—To-day the state headquarters of the two parties have been practically deserted. Chairman Oglevee being at his office in the state-house and Chairman Barger having left the city. There was nothing exceptionally new to be learned at headquarters, the general result in the state ticket and legislature being substantially known and the campaign committee having put away their pens to await the official count.

The very latest Democratic figures give the Democrats the state ticket by about 15,000 and the senate will have twenty-one members 12 for the Republicans; while the lower house will stand: Democrats, 63; Republicans, 42. These figures will give the Democrats 30 majority on joint ballot, but it is believed that when the official returns are in this majority will be cut down to 25. A careful estimate indicates that the total vote in the state will reach over 700,000, the Prohibitionists having polled about 15,000. The judicial amendment has not been adopted.

MAJORITY GROWING.

Columbus, Oct. 11.—More complete returns from Tuesday's election indicate an increase in the Democratic majority, and it will probably be considerably over 12,000. The senate will be two to one Democratic, and the house is estimated at 43 Republicans and 62 Democrats.

Later returns on the legislative ticket indicate that the Democratic majority on joint ballot will not be more than 24. The second amendment will receive about 300,000 votes, and will probably be adopted except the cities go strongly against it. The judicial amendment is carried beyond a doubt. The first amendment will not get over 100,000 votes. The prohibition vote is estimated at from 5,000 to 20,000 and the Greenback vote at 2,000.

THE WINNER.

Cincinnati, O., Oct. 11.—Judge Hoadley spent several hours in his office to-day, where he was visited by a large number of friends to congratulate him. He shows weakness from illness, but endured bravely the task of continued handshaking. Much time was consumed in receiving and reading telegrams of congratulations. Among them was this.

"Yonkers, N. Y., Oct. 11.—I congratulate you on your brilliant triumph."

[Signed] "S. J. Tilden." Telegrams were also received from senator Jonas of Louisiana, Robert Garrett of Baltimore, Sena-

tor McDonald, Aug. Belmont and many others.

The condition of the returns of this county are such that nothing can be definitely stated in addition to what has been given until the official count. This will be next week.

A rumor is current in some places that Gov. Foster and other Republicans were to investigate charges of fraud in counting the vote, but inquiry among Republicans reveals no knowledge of such charges or of such investigation.

Cincinnati, Oct. 14.—The commercial Gazette this morning publishes figures from every county except Stark county showing the prohibition amendment has 309,413 votes, while the total vote in the state was 709,364, by which showing the amendment has been defeated.

Careful estimates at this hour, midnight, make the total vote of Ohio 711,791. The prohibition amendment vote was 320,550, in which it gives nearly 70,000 majority against prohibition.

IOWA.

GREAT DEMOCRATIC GAINS.

Dubuque, Io., Oct. 10.—All the returns so far received from the Iowa election show Democratic gains. In 1880 Garfield carried the state by 80,000 majority, and two years ago Gov. Sherman was elected by 40,000 majority. Now it is believed here his majority will not run 20,000 or 25,000, and it may even be less than that. At any rate, it is greatly reduced, and Iowa may now be placed in the list of double states. All the returns received here show Democratic gains in this portion of the state. The Democrats have elected members of the legislature in Dubuque, Jackson, Clinton, Clayton, Allamakee, Winneshiek, Chickasaw, Floyd and Buchanan counties, six of which are gains. It is probable Donnan, chairman of the Republican state committee, is defeated in the senatorial district composed of Buchanan and Delaware counties. The Republicans claim both state ticket and legislature on joint ballot.

Des Moines, Io., Oct. 21.—Sherman's majority will reach 30,000. Complete returns from 59 counties which include heavy Democratic ones, give him 13,300. Partial returns from the remaining counties give him 27,000. His plurality will be not less than 12,000. The lower house is close. The Republicans now have 24; the opposition, 41. Of the remaining 5 the Republicans will get three. The senate now stands: Republicans, 37; Opposition 8; in doubt, 5. Judge Cook is elected in the sixth district by a small majority.

Des Moines, Io., Oct. 11.—10 p. m.—Definite returns have been received by the state register on legislature and the result is positively known so far as it can be until the official count has settled a few close contests. The senate will stand, 40 Republicans, 9 Democrats and one doubtful, the latter from Linn county, where the result is so close and doubtful that it will take the official count to decide. Senator Larabee, instead of being defeated as reported yesterday, is elected, also Barret. In this district, Heinsheimer of mills is counted as elected although Hendrie, fusion, claims 3 majority by throwing out 10 misspelled ballots for Heinsheimer; but the intention of voters casting the imperfect ballots was so plain that Heinsheimer will be given the certificate. The house on complete and correct figures stands as follows: Republicans 52; Independent, 1; Democrats 39; Greenbacks, 7; doubtful (Washington county), 1; A Republican majority on joint ballot of 34.

Full and complete returns from 50 counties five Sherman 19,424 majority over Kinne and 851 over him and Weaver both. In these fifty counties Sherman has a total vote of 86,624. Kinne 67,200, and Weaver 14,573, the latter both being made by full returns much larger than was expected yesterday and the day before. In a complete but pretty definite returns from the other 46 counties make Sherman's majority over Kinne 29,000 and a majority over all of 8,000 or 9,000.

BURNS & COMPANY

Will again offer to the public a new line of gifts, and with each

Dollars worth of Goods Purchased

of them, a ticket is given entitling each Customer to a chance in getting one of the following prizes.

One Black Silk Dress Pattern
One Ladies Seal skin Cap,
One Blk. Cashmere Dress Pattern
One Gold " " "
One Bolt Muslin,

This sale commences Monday Oct. 15th, and continues until Monday, Dec. 17th, when all duplicate tickets will be placed in a box and in order drawn out. The first five tickets drawn out, receive the prizes in the order named.

In Blankets, Flannels, Yarns, Jeans &c.

We are headquarters. We sell good goods, and give full value of money.

In Dress goods, Notions, Gloves, Hosiery,

Neck Wear. We have a full line. Every Person buying a dollars worth of goods of us gets a ticket, and we will duplicate any prices you may get any where in town in our line of goods. We have still left

1,000 Pairs of McClintock & Sons'

make of Ladies, Misses and Mens' Woollen Hose this season closes them out. We also have a full line of the Celebrated Elkhart Knit Hose.

IN GROCERIES,

We have a full line of all staple goods, and are the only Dry Goods House in town that exchanges for Country Produce Eggs, Butter &c., Always paying the Highest Market Prices.

IN FURNISHING GOODS,

Ladies and Gents underwear, also Misses and Children. We have a full line in both Scarlet and White Merino and knit goods. In Hats and Caps, Gents shirts, Ties, Collars, Cuffs &c., We carry a full line. We represent the

Scarritt Carpet Co. of St. Louis,

and carry a full line to select from and can save you from 5 cts. to 25 cts. per yard. Call and see us before making purchase. Remember for every dollars worth you buy from us either

For Cash Or Trade,

you are entitled to a ticket allowing you an equal show for one of our fine gifts.

Burns & Co.

R. R. DEACON

is now receiving in car lots, for the fall trade.

BAIN WACONS

RACINE SPRING

WACONS.

TOP BUCCIES.

CASSIDY SULKY PLOWS

BAKER SPRING PRESSURE GRAIN DRILLS.

BUCKEYE PLANTER SHOE DRILLS, BARBED WIRE, CIDER

MILLS, ST. JOHN SEWING MACHINES.

Wood and Iron Pumps, and a

FINE LINE OF HARDWARE.

IRON, STEEL, NAILS, WAGON WOODWORK, Etc.

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